

U.S. Department of Energy's Vehicle Technologies Program -

A Summary of Results Thus Far from The EV Project

John Smart– Idaho National Laboratory

National Governor's Association State and Local Plug-in Electric Vehicle Workshop July 11, 2012

This presentation does not contain any proprietary or sensitive information



- INL is a U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) federal laboratory
- 890 square mile site with 4,000 staff
- Support DOE's strategic goal of reducing the nation's dependence on foreign oil
- Multiple RDD&D programs
 - Nuclear, renewable, and unconventional fossil energy
 - Advanced vehicles and batteries
 - Homeland security and cyber security





DOE's Advanced Vehicle Testing Activity (AVTA)

- INL manages light-duty vehicle and infrastructure testing for AVTA
 - AVTA is part of DOE's Vehicle Technologies Program
 - ECOtality provides testing support via NETL
- ECOtality leads The EV Project, with INL, Nissan and GM/OnStar as primary partners
- EV Project and AVTA test partners include electric utilities, federal, state and local government agencies, private companies, and individual vehicle owners
- AVTA goal: Petroleum reduction and energy security through unbiased benchmarking of vehicle technology





Vehicle / Infrastructure Testing Experience

- INL/AVTA testing has accumulated 47 million miles on 8,000 electric drive vehicles representing 100+ models
- EV Project: 4,278 Leafs, 428 Volts, 30.3 million test miles (as of 6/28/2012)
- PHEVs: 14 models, 430 PHEVs, 4 million test miles
- EREVs: 1 model, 150 EREVs, 878,000 test miles
- BEVs: 47 models, 2,000 BEVs, 5 million test miles
- HEVs: 19 models, 50 HEVs, 6 million test miles
- Micro hybrid (stop/start) vehicles: 3 models, 7 MHVs, 300,000 test miles
- NEVs: 24 models, 372 NEVs, 200,000 test miles
- UEVs: 3 models, 460 UEVs, 1 million test miles
- 6,000+ Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment (EVSE) charging units with data loggers





INL Vehicle/EVSE Data Management Process







The EV Project

Purpose: Build and study mature charging infrastructure and use lessons learned to streamline deployment of gridconnected electric drive vehicles







The EV Project

Data being collected from Nissan Leafs, Chevrolet Volts, and Blink AC level 2 and DC fast charge units





Nissan Leaf



Blink AC level 2 wall-mount unit

Blink DC fast charger







EV Project Overview Report

Vehicles and charging units reporting data through Q1 2012

- Charging infrastructure
 - 5,432 units
 - 665,968 charging events
 - 5,069 AC MWh

- Vehicles
 - 4,066 Leafs
 - 427 Volts
 - 22.6 million miles



EV Project – Vehicle Usage Report (Q1 2012)

	<u>Leafs</u>	<u>Volts</u>
Number of vehicles	2,987	317
Number of Trips	773,602	76,425
Distance (thousands)	5,558 mi	610 mi
Average (Ave) trip distance	7.2 mi	8.0 mi
Ave distance per day	30.2 mi	36.4 mi
Ave number (#) trips between charging events	3.8	3.0
Ave distance between charging events	27.4 mi	24.1 mi
Ave # charging events per day	1.1	1.5
	Number of vehicles Number of Trips Distance (thousands) Average (Ave) trip distance Ave distance per day Ave number (#) trips between charging events Ave distance between charging events Ave # charging events per day	LeafsNumber of vehicles2,987Number of Trips773,602Distance (thousands)5,558 miAverage (Ave) trip distance7.2 miAve distance per day30.2 miAve number (#) trips between charging events3.8Ave distance between charging events27.4 miAve # charging events per day1.1

Note that per-day metrics consider only days a vehicle is driven





EV Project – Leaf Usage Report (Q1 2012)



Charging Frequency by Location

Idaho National Laboratory

EV Project – Volt Usage Report (Q1 2012)



Away-from-home location







Charging Availability

- National Data
- Range of Percent of Charging Units with a Vehicle Connected vs. Time of Day

Q1 2012

- 3,324 residential and 955 publicly available Level 2 EVSE
- 10 DC fast chargers
- 51,476 values produced for this 1st quarter 2012 report



Charging Demand

- National Data
- Range of Aggregate Electricity Demand vs. Time of Day (AC MW)

Q1 2012

- 3,324 residential and 955 publicly available Level 2 EVSE
- 10 DC fast chargers

EV Project – EVSE Infra. Summary Report Q1 2012 Charging Demand: Residential Level 2 EVSE





San Francisco



Oregon





- National Data 1st quarter 2012
 - Ave time vehicle connected R2 WD
 - Ave time vehicle connected R2 WE
 - Ave time vehicle drawing power R2 WD
 - Ave time vehicle drawing power R2 WE
 - Ave energy per charge event R2 WD
 - Ave energy per charge event R2 WE
 - Ave time vehicle connected P2 WD
 - Ave time vehicle connected P2 WE
 - Ave time vehicle drawing power P2 WD
 - Ave time vehicle drawing power P2 WE
 - Ave energy per charge event P2 WD
 - Ave energy per charge event P2 WE
- R: residential, P: public, WD: weekday, WE: weekend, 2: Level 2 EVSE

- 11.4 hours
- 11.8 hours
 - 2.4 hours
 - 2.0 hours
- 8.7 AC kWh
- 7.3 AC kWh
 - 6.3 hours
 - 4.1 hours
 - 2.1 hours
 - 1.9 hours
- 7.3 AC kWh
- 6.6 AC kWh



- Percent AC MWH used by residential and public EVSE
- Percent charge events occurring by residential and public EVSE







Summary – Based on Q1 2012 Data

- Leaf regional miles per day range from 27.6 in Washington State to 33.4 in Phoenix
- Leaf regional miles per trip range from 6.2 in Oregon to 8.1 in Chattanooga
- Leaf regional miles per charge range from 23.4 in Oregon to 29.5 in San Francisco
- Known Leaf regional at-home charging frequency ranges from 68% in San Francisco to 89% in Tucson
- Volts @1.5 and Leafs @ 1.1, charges per day when driven
- Volts @36.4 and Leafs @30.2 miles driven per day
- Leafs @27.4 and Volts @24.1 miles driven / charge event





EV Project Observations To Date

- EV Project vehicles connected much longer than needed to recharge opportunities to shift charging times
- Significant residential Level 2 charging occurs off-peak. In areas with EV charging time-of-use electricity rates, start of charging coincides with start of off-peak period.
- Leaf owners drive farther between charging than Volt owners, but not much farther
- Significant opportunities to understand:
 - How vehicle owners use public versus private infrastructure
 - Regional and seasonal changes in behavior
 - Demand for Level 2 EVSE versus DC fast charging
 - Etc. etc.
- Only about 25% of EV Project data collected to date...
 ...We've only just begun





Acknowledgement

This work is supported by the U.S. Department of Energy's EERE Vehicle Technologies Program

More Information http://avt.inl.gov

Additional vehicle and infrastructure demonstrations results available for Chevrolet Volt, Chrysler Ram PHEV, Ford Escape PHEV, Coulomb ChargePoint America, and more.

INL/MIS-12-26406



